113TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION S

To improve hydropower, and for other purposes.

### IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Ms. MURKOWSKI (for herself, Mr. WYDEN, Mr. RISCH, Ms. CANTWELL, Mr. CRAPO, Mrs. MURRAY, and Mr. BEGICH) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on

### A BILL

To improve hydropower, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

**3** SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- 4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Hydropower Improvement Act of 2013".
- 6 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents of
- 7 this Act is as follows:
  - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
  - Sec. 2. Findings.
  - Sec. 3. Definitions.
  - Sec. 4. Sense of the Senate on the use of hydropower renewable resources.
  - Sec. 5. Promoting hydropower development at nonpowered dams and closed loop pumped storage projects.
  - Sec. 6. Promoting conduit hydropower projects.
  - Sec. 7. Promoting small hydroelectric power projects.

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Sec. 8. FERC authority to extend preliminary permit terms.Sec. 9. Study of pumped storage and potential hydropower from conduits.

Sec. 10. Report on memorandum of understanding on hydropower.

### 1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

2	Congress finds that—
3	(1) hydropower is the largest source of clean,
4	renewable electricity in the United States;
5	(2) as of the date of enactment of this Act, hy-
6	dropower resources, including pumped storage facili-
7	ties, provide—
8	(A) nearly 7 percent of the electricity gen-
9	erated in the United States, avoiding approxi-
10	mately 200,000,000 metric tons of carbon emis-
11	sions each year; and
12	(B) approximately 100,000 megawatts of
13	electric capacity in the United States;
14	(3) only 3 percent of the 80,000 dams in the
15	United States generate electricity so there is sub-
16	stantial potential for adding hydropower generation
17	to nonpower dams;
18	(4) in every State, a tremendous untapped
19	growth potential exists in hydropower resources, in-
20	cluding—
21	(A) efficiency improvements and capacity
22	additions;
23	(B) adding generation to nonpower dams;
24	(C) conduit hydropower;

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1	(D) conventional hydropower;
2	(E) pumped storage facilities; and
3	(F) new marine and hydrokinetic re-
4	sources; and
5	(5) improvements in increased hydropower pro-
6	duction in the United States have the potential—
7	(A) to increase the clean energy generation
8	of the United States;
9	(B) to improve project performance and re-
10	sult in better environmental outcomes; and
11	(C) to provide ancillary benefits that in-
12	clude grid reliability, energy storage, and inte-
13	gration services for variable renewable re-
	gration services for variable renewable re- sources.
13 14 15	
14	sources.
14 15	sources. SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.
14 15 16	sources. SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS. In this Act:
14 15 16 17	sources. <b>SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.</b> In this Act: (1) CONDUIT.—The term "conduit" means any
14 15 16 17 18	sources. <b>SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.</b> In this Act: (1) CONDUIT.—The term "conduit" means any tunnel, canal, pipeline, aqueduct, flume, ditch, or
14 15 16 17 18 19	sources. <b>SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.</b> In this Act: (1) CONDUIT.—The term "conduit" means any tunnel, canal, pipeline, aqueduct, flume, ditch, or similar manmade water conveyance that is operated
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	sources. SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS. In this Act: (1) CONDUIT.—The term "conduit" means any tunnel, canal, pipeline, aqueduct, flume, ditch, or similar manmade water conveyance that is operated for the distribution of water for agricultural, munic-
<ol> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> </ol>	sources. SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS. In this Act: (1) CONDUIT.—The term "conduit" means any tunnel, canal, pipeline, aqueduct, flume, ditch, or similar manmade water conveyance that is operated for the distribution of water for agricultural, munic- ipal, or industrial consumption and not primarily for

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(3) SMALL HYDROELECTRIC POWER
 PROJECT.—The term "small hydroelectric power
 project" has the meaning given the term in section
 4.30 of title 18, Code of Federal Regulations.

5 SEC. 4. SENSE OF THE SENATE ON THE USE OF HYDRO-6 POWER RENEWABLE RESOURCES.

7 It is the sense of the Senate that the United States 8 should increase substantially the capacity and generation 9 of clean, renewable hydropower which will improve the en-10 vironmental quality of resources in the United States and 11 support local job creation and economic investment across 12 the United States.

# 13 SEC. 5. PROMOTING HYDROPOWER DEVELOPMENT AT14NONPOWERED DAMS AND CLOSED LOOP15PUMPED STORAGE PROJECTS.

16 (a) IN GENERAL.—To improve the regulatory process 17 and reduce delays and costs for hydropower development 18 at nonpowered dams and closed loop pumped storage 19 projects, the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (referred to in this section as the "Commission") shall inves-20 21 tigate the feasibility of the issuance of a license for certain 22 hydropower development during the 2-year period begin-23 ning on the date of commencement of the prefiling licens-24 ing process of the Commission (referred to in this section as a "2-year process"). 25

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1 (b) WORKSHOPS AND PILOTS.—The Commission 2 shall—

3 (1) not later than 60 days after the date of en4 actment of this Act, hold an initial workshop to so5 licit public comment and recommendations on how
6 to implement a 2-year process;

7 (2) develop criteria for identifying projects fea8 turing hydropower development at nonpowered dams
9 and closed loop pumped storage projects that may be
10 appropriate for licensing within a 2-year process;

(3) not later than 180 days after the date of
enactment of this Act, develop and implement pilot
projects to test a 2-year process, if practicable; and
(4) not later than 3 years after the date of implementation of any pilot project to test a 2-year
process, hold a final workshop to solicit public comment on the effectiveness of the pilot project.

(c) MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING.—The Commission shall, to the maximum extent practicable, enter
into a memorandum of understanding with any applicable
Federal or State agency to implement a pilot project described in subsection (b).

23 (d) REPORTS.—

24 (1) PILOT PROJECTS NOT IMPLEMENTED.—If
25 the Commission determines that the pilot projects

described in subsection (b) are not practicable, not
later than 240 days after the date of enactment of
this Act, the Commission shall submit to the Com-
mittee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Sen-
ate and the Committee on Energy and Commerce of
the House of Representatives a report that—
(A) describes the public comments received
as part of the initial workshop held under sub-
section $(b)(1)$ ; and
(B) identifies the process, legal, environ-
mental, economic, and other issues that justify
the determination of the Commission that a 2-
year process is not practicable, with rec-
ommendations on how Congress may address or
remedy the identified issues.
(2) PILOT PROJECTS IMPLEMENTED.—If the
Commission develops and implements pilot projects
involving a 2-year process described in subsection
(b), not later than 60 days after the date of comple-
tion of any final workshop held under subsection
(b)(4), the Commission shall submit to the Com-
mittee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Sen-
ate and the Committee on Energy and Commerce of

1	(A) describes the outcomes of the pilot
2	projects;
3	(B) describes the public comments from
4	the final workshop on the effectiveness of the
5	pilot projects; and
6	(C)(i) outlines how the Commission will
7	adopt policies under existing law (including reg-
8	ulations) that result in a 2-year process;
9	(ii) outlines how the Commission will pro-
10	ceed with a rulemaking to adopt a 2-year proc-
11	ess in the regulations of the Commission; or
12	(iii) identifies the process, legal, environ-
13	mental, economic, and other issues that justify
14	the determination of the Commission that a 2-
15	year process is not practicable, with rec-
16	ommendations on how Congress may address or
17	remedy the identified issues.
18	SEC. 6. PROMOTING CONDUIT HYDROPOWER PROJECTS.
19	(a) Applicability of, and Exemption From, Li-
20	CENSING REQUIREMENTS.—Section 30 of the Federal
21	Power Act (16 U.S.C. 823a) is amended—
22	(1) by redesignating subsections (c) through (e)
23	as subsections (d) through (f), respectively;

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1	(2) by striking "SEC. 30." and all that follows
2	through end of subsection (b) and inserting the fol-
3	lowing:
4	<b>"SEC. 30. CONDUIT HYDROPOWER FACILITIES.</b>
5	"(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
6	"(1) CONDUIT.—The term 'conduit' means any
7	tunnel, canal, pipeline, aqueduct, flume, ditch, or
8	similar manmade water conveyance that is oper-
9	ated—
10	"(A) for the distribution of water for agri-
11	cultural, municipal, or industrial consumption;
12	and
13	"(B) not primarily for the generation of
14	electricity.
15	"(2) QUALIFYING CONDUIT HYDROPOWER FA-
16	CILITY.—The term 'qualifying conduit hydropower
17	facility' means a facility (not including any dam or
18	other impoundment) that is determined or deemed
19	under subsection $(b)(2)(D)$ to meet the qualifying
20	criteria.
21	"(3) QUALIFYING CRITERIA.—The term 'quali-
22	fying criteria' means, with respect to a facility,
23	that—
24	"(A) the facility is constructed, operated,
25	or maintained for the generation of electric

1	power and uses for the generation only the hy-
2	droelectric potential of a non-federally owned
3	conduit;
4	"(B) the facility has an installed capacity
5	that does not exceed 5 megawatts; and
6	"(C) on or before the date of enactment of
7	the Hydropower Improvement Act of 2013, the
8	facility is not licensed under, or exempted from
9	the license requirements contained in, this part.
10	"(b) Administration.—
11	"(1) IN GENERAL.—A qualifying conduit hydro-
12	power facility shall not be required to be licensed
13	under this part.
14	"(2) Notice of intent to construct facil-
15	ITY.—
16	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Any person, State, or
17	municipality proposing to construct a qualifying
18	conduit hydropower facility shall file with the
19	Commission a notice of intent to construct the
20	qualifying conduit hydropower facility.
21	"(B) INFORMATION.—The notice shall in-
22	clude sufficient information to demonstrate that
23	the facility meets the qualifying criteria.
24	"(C) INITIAL DETERMINATION.—Not later
25	than 15 days after receipt of a notice of intent

1	is filed under subparagraph (A), the Commis-
2	sion shall—
3	"(i) make an initial determination as
4	to whether the facility meets the qualifying
5	criteria; and
6	"(ii) if the Commission makes an ini-
7	tial determination, pursuant to clause (i)
8	that the facility meets the qualifying cri-
9	teria, publish public notice of the notice of
10	intent filed under subparagraph (A).
11	"(D) FINAL DETERMINATION.—If, not
12	later than 45 days after the date of publication
13	of the public notice described in subparagraph
14	(C)(ii)—
15	"(i) an entity contests whether the fa-
16	cility meets the qualifying criteria, the
17	Commission shall promptly issue a written
18	determination as to whether the facility
19	meets the qualifying criteria; or
20	"(ii) no entity contests whether the
21	facility meets the qualifying criteria, the
22	facility shall be considered to meet the
23	qualifying criteria.
24	"(c) EXEMPTIONS.—Subject to subsection (d), the
25	Commission may grant an exemption in whole or in part

1	from the requirements of this part, including any license
2	requirements contained in this part, to any facility (not
3	including any dam or other impoundment) constructed,
4	operated, or maintained for the generation of electric
5	power that the Commission determines, by rule or order—
6	((1) uses for the generation only the hydro-
7	electric potential of a conduit; and
8	"(2) has an installed capacity that does not ex-
9	ceed 40 megawatts.";
10	(3) in subsection (d) (as redesigned by para-
11	graph (1)), by striking "subsection (a)" and insert-
12	ing "subsection (c)"; and
13	(4) in subsection (e) (as so redesignated), by
14	striking "subsection (a)" and inserting "subsection
15	(c)".
16	(b) Conforming Amendments.—
17	(1) Section $210(j)(3)$ of the Public Utility Reg-
18	ulatory Policies Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 824a-
19	3(j)(3)) is amended by striking "section $30(c)$ " and
20	inserting "section 30(d)".
21	(2) Section 405(d) of the Public Utility Regu-
22	latory Policies Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 2705(d)) is
23	amended in the first sentence—

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1	(A) by striking "subsections (c) and (d)"
2	each place it appears and inserting "subsections
3	(d) and (e)"; and
4	(B) by striking "subsection (a) of such sec-
5	tion 30" and inserting "section 30(c) of that
6	Act".
7	(3) Section 3401(a)(2) of the Omnibus Budget
8	Reconciliation Act of 1986 (42 U.S.C. $7178(a)(2)$ ) is
9	amended by striking "30(e)" and inserting "30(f)".
10	(4) Section 242(b)(3) of the Energy Policy Act
11	of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 15881(b)(3)) is amended by
12	striking "section $30(a)(2)$ of the Federal Power Act
13	(16 U.S.C. 823a(a)(2))" and inserting "section
14	30(a) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C.
15	823a(a))".
16	SEC. 7. PROMOTING SMALL HYDROELECTRIC POWER
17	PROJECTS.
18	Section 405(d) of the Public Utility Regulatory Poli-
19	cies Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 2705(d)) is amended in the
20	first sentence by striking "5,000" and inserting "10,000".
21	SEC. 8. FERC AUTHORITY TO EXTEND PRELIMINARY PER-
22	MIT TERMS.
23	Section 5 of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 798)
24	is amended—

(1) by designating the first, second, and third
 sentences as subsections (a), (c), and (d), respec tively; and

4 (2) by inserting after subsection (a) (as so des5 ignated) the following:

6 "(b) EXTENSION.—The Commission may extend the 7 term of a preliminary permit once for not more than 2 8 additional years if the Commission finds that the per-9 mittee has carried out activities under the permit in good 10 faith and with reasonable diligence.".

## 11 SEC. 9. STUDY OF PUMPED STORAGE AND POTENTIAL HY12 DROPOWER FROM CONDUITS.

13 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall conduct a14 study—

(1)(A) of the technical flexibility that existing
pumped storage facilities can provide to support
intermittent renewable electric energy generation, including the potential for those existing facilities to
be upgraded or retrofitted with advanced commercially available technology; and

(B) of the technical potential of existing
pumped storage facilities and new advanced
pumped storage facilities, to provide grid reliability benefits; and

1 (2)(A) to identify the range of opportunities for 2 hydropower that may be obtained from conduits (as 3 defined by the Secretary) in the United States; and 4 (B) through case studies, to assess 5 amounts of potential energy generation from 6 such conduit hydropower projects. 7 (b) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date

8 of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to 9 the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the 10 Senate and the Committee on Energy and Commerce of 11 the House of Representatives a report that describes the 12 results of the study conducted under subsection (a), in-13 cluding any recommendations.

## 14 SEC. 10. REPORT ON MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING 15 ON HYDROPOWER.

16 Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment 17 of this Act, the President shall submit to the Committee 18 on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate and the 19 Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of 20 Representatives a report on actions taken by the Depart-21 ment of Energy, the Department of the Interior, and the 22 Corps of Engineers to carry out the memorandum of un-23 derstanding on hydropower entered into on March 24, 24 2010, with particular emphasis on actions taken by the 25 agencies to work together and investigate ways to effi-

- 1 ciently and responsibly facilitate the Federal permitting
- 2 process for Federal and non-Federal hydropower projects
- 3 at Federal facilities, within existing authority.