117TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION	S.
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To require the Secretary of Energy to establish an energy efficiency revolving loan fund capitalization grant program, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr. Manchin (for himself and Ms. Murkowski) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on

A BILL

To require the Secretary of Energy to establish an energy efficiency revolving loan fund capitalization grant program, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Investing in New
- 5 Strategies for Upgrading Lower Attaining Efficiency
- 6 Buildings Act of 2021" or the "INSULATE Buildings
- 7 Act of 2021".
- 8 SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.
- 9 In this Act:

1	(1) Priority state.—The term "priority
2	State" means a State that—
3	(A) is eligible for funding under the State
4	Energy Program; and
5	(B)(i) is among the 15 States with the
6	highest annual per-capita combined residential
7	and commercial sector energy consumption, as
8	most recently reported by the Energy Informa-
9	tion Administration; or
10	(ii) is among the 15 States with the high-
11	est annual per-capita energy-related carbon di-
12	oxide emissions by State, as most recently re-
13	ported by the Energy Information Administra-
14	tion.
15	(2) Program.—The term "program" means
16	the program established under section 3(a).
17	(3) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
18	the Secretary of Energy.
19	(4) State.—The term "State" means a State
20	(as defined in section 3 of the Energy Policy and
21	Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6202)), acting through
22	a State energy office.
23	(5) STATE ENERGY PROGRAM.—The term
24	"State Energy Program" means the State Energy
25	Program established under part D of title III of the

1	Energy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C.
2	6321 et seq.).
3	SEC. 3. ENERGY EFFICIENCY REVOLVING LOAN FUND CAP-
4	ITALIZATION GRANT PROGRAM.
5	(a) In General.—Not later than 1 year after the
6	date of enactment of this Act, under the State Energy
7	Program, the Secretary shall establish a program under
8	which the Secretary shall provide capitalization grants to
9	States to establish a revolving loan fund under which the
10	State shall provide loans and grants, as applicable, in ac-
11	cordance with this section.
12	(b) Distribution of Funds.—
13	(1) All states.—
14	(A) In general.—Of the amounts made
15	available under subsection (k), the Secretary
16	shall use 40 percent to provide capitalization
17	grants to States that are eligible for funding
18	under the State Energy Program, in accordance
19	with the allocation formula established under
20	section 420.11 of title 10, Code of Federal Reg-
21	ulations (or successor regulations).
22	(B) Remaining funding.—After applying
23	the allocation formula described in subpara-
24	graph (A), the Secretary shall redistribute any
25	unclaimed funds to the remaining States seek-

1	ing capitalization grants under that subpara-
2	graph.
3	(2) Priority states.—
4	(A) In general.—Of the amounts made
5	available under subsection (k), the Secretary
6	shall use 60 percent to provide supplemental
7	capitalization grants to priority States in ac-
8	cordance with an allocation formula determined
9	by the Secretary.
10	(B) Remaining funding.—After applying
11	the allocation formula described in subpara-
12	graph (A), the Secretary shall redistribute any
13	unclaimed funds to the remaining priority
14	States seeking supplemental capitalization
15	grants under that subparagraph.
16	(C) Grant amount.—
17	(i) MAXIMUM AMOUNT.—The amount
18	of a supplemental capitalization grant pro-
19	vided to a State under this paragraph shall
20	not exceed \$30,000,000.
21	(ii) Supplement not supplant.—A
22	supplemental capitalization grant received
23	by a State under this paragraph shall sup-
24	plement, not supplant, a capitalization

1	grant received by that State under para-
2	graph (1).
3	(c) Applications for Capitalization Grants.—
4	A State seeking a capitalization grant under the program
5	shall submit to the Secretary an application at such time,
6	in such manner, and containing such information as the
7	Secretary may require, including—
8	(1) a detailed explanation of how the grant will
9	be used, including a plan to establish a new revolv-
10	ing loan fund or use an existing revolving loan fund;
11	(2) the need of eligible recipients for loans and
12	grants in the State for assistance with conducting
13	energy audits;
14	(3) a description of the expected benefits that
15	building infrastructure and energy system upgrades
16	and retrofits will have on communities in the State;
17	and
18	(4) in the case of a priority State seeking a
19	supplemental capitalization grant under subsection
20	(b)(2), a justification for needing the supplemental
21	funding.
22	(d) Timing.—
23	(1) In general.—The Secretary shall establish
24	a timeline with dates by, or periods by the end of,
25	which a State shall—

1	(A) on receipt of a capitalization grant
2	under the program, deposit the grant funds into
3	a revolving loan fund; and
4	(B) begin using the capitalization grant as
5	described in subsection $(e)(1)$.
6	(2) USE OF GRANT.—Under the timeline estab-
7	lished under paragraph (1), a State shall be required
8	to begin using a capitalization grant not more than
9	180 days after the date on which the grant is re-
10	ceived.
11	(e) USE OF GRANT FUNDS.—
12	(1) In general.—A State that receives a cap-
13	italization grant under the program—
14	(A) shall provide loans in accordance with
15	paragraph (2); and
16	(B) may provide grants in accordance with
17	paragraph (3).
18	(2) Loans.—
19	(A) Commercial energy audit.—
20	(i) In General.—A State that re-
21	ceives a capitalization grant under the pro-
22	gram may provide a loan to an eligible re-
23	cipient described in clause (iii) to conduct
24	a commercial energy audit.

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1	(11) AUDIT REQUIREMENTS.—A com-
2	mercial energy audit conducted using a
3	loan provided under clause (i) shall—
4	(I) determine the overall con-
5	sumption of energy of the facility of
6	the eligible recipient;
7	(II) identify and recommend
8	lifecycle cost-effective opportunities to
9	reduce the energy consumption of the
10	facility of the eligible recipient, includ-
11	ing through energy efficient—
12	(aa) lighting;
13	(bb) heating, ventilation,
14	and air conditioning systems;
15	(ce) windows;
16	(dd) appliances; and
17	(ee) insulation and building
18	envelopes;
19	(III) estimate the energy and
20	cost savings potential of the opportu-
21	nities identified in subclause (II)
22	using software approved by the Sec-
23	retary;
24	(IV) identify—

1	(aa) the period and level of
2	peak energy demand for each
3	building within the facility of the
4	eligible recipient; and
5	(bb) the sources of energy
6	consumption that are contrib-
7	uting the most to that period of
8	peak energy demand;
9	(V) recommend controls and
10	management systems to reduce or re-
11	distribute peak energy consumption;
12	(VI) recommend strategies to in-
13	crease electrification of the facility of
14	the eligible recipient, including the in-
15	stallation of—
16	(aa) charging infrastructure
17	for plug-in electric vehicles;
18	(bb) electric heating and
19	cooling systems; or
20	(cc) electric appliances; and
21	(VII) estimate the total energy
22	and cost savings potential for the fa-
23	cility of the eligible recipient if all rec-
24	ommended upgrades and retrofits are

1	implemented, using software approved
2	by the Secretary.
3	(iii) Eligible recipients.—An eligi-
4	ble recipient under clause (i) is a business
5	that—
6	(I) conducts the majority of its
7	business in the State that provides the
8	loan under that clause; and
9	(II) owns or operates—
10	(aa) 1 or more commercial
11	buildings; or
12	(bb) commercial space with-
13	in a building that serves multiple
14	functions, such as a building for
15	commercial and residential oper-
16	ations.
17	(B) Residential energy audits.—
18	(i) In general.—A State that re-
19	ceives a capitalization grant under the pro-
20	gram may provide a loan to an eligible re-
21	cipient described in clause (iii) to conduct
22	a residential energy audit.
23	(ii) Residential energy audit re-
24	QUIREMENTS.—A residential energy audit

1	conducted using a loan under clause (i)
2	shall—
3	(I) utilize the same evaluation
4	criteria as the Home Performance As-
5	sessment used in the Energy Star
6	program established under section
7	324A of the Energy Policy and Con-
8	servation Act (42 U.S.C. 6294a);
9	(II) recommend lifecycle cost-ef-
10	fective opportunities to reduce energy
11	consumption within the residential
12	building of the eligible recipient, in-
13	cluding through energy efficient—
14	(aa) lighting;
15	(bb) heating, ventilation,
16	and air conditioning systems;
17	(ee) windows;
18	(dd) appliances; and
19	(ee) insulation and building
20	envelopes;
21	(III) recommend controls and
22	management systems to reduce or re-
23	distribute peak energy consumption;
24	(IV) recommend strategies to in-
25	crease electrification of the residential

1	building of the eligible recipient, in-
2	cluding the installation of—
3	(aa) charging infrastructure
4	for plug-in electric vehicles, if
5	possible;
6	(bb) electric heating and
7	cooling systems; or
8	(cc) electric appliances;
9	(V) compare the energy con-
10	sumption of the residential building of
11	the eligible recipient to comparable
12	residential buildings in the same geo-
13	graphic area; and
14	(VI) provide a Home Energy
15	Score, or equivalent score, for the res-
16	idential building of the eligible recipi-
17	ent by using the Home Energy Score
18	Tool of the Department of Energy or
19	an equivalent scoring tool.
20	(iii) Eligible recipients.—An eligi-
21	ble recipient under clause (i) is—
22	(I) an individual who owns—
23	(aa) a single family home;
24	(bb) a condominium or du-
25	plex; or

1	(cc) a manufactured housing
2	unit; or
3	(II) a business that owns or oper-
4	ates a multifamily housing facility.
5	(C) COMMERCIAL AND RESIDENTIAL EN-
6	ERGY UPGRADES AND RETROFITS.—
7	(i) IN GENERAL.—A State that re-
8	ceives a capitalization grant under the pro-
9	gram may provide a loan to an eligible re-
10	cipient described in clause (ii) to carry out
11	upgrades or retrofits of building infrastruc-
12	ture and systems that—
13	(I) are recommended in the com-
14	mercial energy audit or residential en-
15	ergy audit, as applicable, completed
16	for the building or facility of the eligi-
17	ble recipient;
18	(II) satisfy at least 1 of the cri-
19	teria in the Home Performance As-
20	sessment used in the Energy Star
21	program established under section
22	324A of the Energy Policy and Con-
23	servation Act (42 U.S.C. 6294a);

1	(III) improve, with respect to the
2	building or facility of the eligible re-
3	cipient—
4	(aa) the physical comfort of
5	the building or facility occupants;
6	(bb) the energy efficiency of
7	the building or facility; or
8	(ce) the quality of the air in
9	the building or facility; and
10	(IV)(aa) are lifecycle cost-effec-
11	tive; and
12	(bb)(AA) reduce the energy in-
13	tensity of the building or facility of
14	the eligible recipient; or
15	(BB) improve the control and
16	management of energy usage of the
17	building or facility to reduce demand
18	during peak times.
19	(ii) Eligible recipients.—An eligi-
20	ble recipient under clause (i) is an eligible
21	recipient described in subparagraph (A)(iii)
22	or (B)(iii) that—
23	(I) has completed a commercial
24	energy audit described in subpara-
25	graph (A) or a residential energy

1	audit described in subparagraph (B)
2	using a loan provided under the appli-
3	cable subparagraph; or
4	(II) has completed a commercial
5	energy audit or residential energy
6	audit that—
7	(aa) was not funded by a
8	loan under this paragraph; and
9	(bb)(AA) meets the require-
10	ments for the applicable audit
11	under subparagraph (A) or (B),
12	as applicable; or
13	(BB) the Secretary deter-
14	mines is otherwise satisfactory.
15	(iii) Loan term.—A loan provided
16	under this subparagraph shall be required
17	to be fully amortized by the earlier of—
18	(I) the year in which the up-
19	grades or retrofits carried out using
20	the loan exceed their expected useful
21	life; and
22	(II) 15 years after those up-
23	grades or retrofits are installed.
24	(D) Referral to qualified contrac-
25	TORS.—Following the completion of an audit

1	under subparagraph (A) or (B) by an eligible
2	recipient of a loan under the applicable sub-
3	paragraph, the State may refer the eligible re-
4	cipient to a qualified contractor, as determined
5	by the State, to estimate—
6	(i) the upfront capital cost of each
7	recommended upgrade; and
8	(ii) the total upfront capital cost of
9	implementing all recommended upgrades.
10	(E) Loan recipients.—Each State pro-
11	viding loans under this paragraph shall, to the
12	maximum extent practicable, provide loans to
13	eligible recipients that do not have access to
14	private capital.
15	(3) Grants and technical assistance.—
16	(A) In general.—A State that receives a
17	capitalization grant under the program may use
18	not more than 25 percent of the grant funds to
19	provide grants or technical assistance to eligible
20	entities described in subparagraph (B) to carry
21	out the activities described in subparagraphs
22	(A), (B), and (C) of paragraph (2).
23	(B) ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—An entity eligible
24	for a grant or technical assistance under sub-
25	paragraph (A) is—

1	(i) a business that—
2	(I) is an eligible recipient de-
3	scribed in paragraph (2)(A)(iii); and
4	(II) has fewer than 500 employ-
5	ees; or
6	(ii) a low-income individual (as de-
7	fined in section 3 of the Workforce Innova-
8	tion and Opportunity Act (29 U.S.C.
9	3102)) that owns a residential building.
10	(4) Administrative expenses.—A State that
11	receives a capitalization grant under the program
12	may use not more than 10 percent of the grant
13	funds for administrative expenses.
14	(f) Coordination With Existing Programs.—A
15	State receiving a capitalization grant under the program
16	is encouraged to utilize and build on existing programs
17	and infrastructure within the State that may aid the State
18	in carrying out a revolving loan fund program.
19	(g) Leveraging Private Capital.—A State receiv-
20	ing a capitalization grant under the program shall, to the
21	maximum extent practicable, use the grant to leverage pri-
22	vate capital.
23	(h) Outreach.—The Secretary shall engage in out-
24	reach to inform States of the availability of capitalization
25	grants under the program.

1	(i) Davis-Bacon Compliance.—
2	(1) In general.—Any laborer or mechanic em-
3	ployed by any contractor or subcontractor in the
4	performance of work on any project funded by a
5	grant under this section shall be paid wages at rates
6	not less than those prevailing on similar construction
7	in the locality as determined by the Secretary of
8	Labor under subchapter IV of chapter 31 of title 40
9	United States Code (commonly referred to as the
10	"Davis-Bacon Act").
11	(2) Authority.—With respect to the labor
12	standards specified in paragraph (1), the Secretary
13	of Labor shall have the authority and functions set
14	forth in Reorganization Plan Numbered 14 of 1950
15	(64 Stat. 1267; 5 U.S.C. App.) and section 3145 of
16	title 40, United States Code.
17	(j) Report.—Each State that receives a capitaliza-
18	tion grant under the program shall, not later than 1 year
19	after a grant is received, submit to the Secretary a report
20	that describes—
21	(1) the number of recipients to which the State
22	has distributed—
23	(A) loans for—
24	(i) commercial energy audits under
25	subsection $(e)(2)(A)$;

1	(ii) residential energy audits under
2	subsection $(e)(2)(B)$;
3	(iii) energy upgrades and retrofits
4	under subsection (e)(2)(C); and
5	(B) grants under subsection (e)(3); and
6	(2) the average capital cost of upgrades and
7	retrofits across all commercial energy audits and
8	residential energy audits that were conducted in the
9	State using loans provided by the State under sub-
10	section (e).
11	(k) Authorization of Appropriations.—There is
12	authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to carry
13	out this section \$250,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022
14	through 2026, to remain available until expended.
15	SEC. 4. ENERGY AUDITOR TRAINING GRANT PROGRAM.
16	(a) Definitions.—In this section:
17	(1) COVERED CERTIFICATION.—The term "cov-
18	ered certification" means any of the following certifi-
19	cations:
20	(A) The ASHRAE Building Energy As-
21	sessment Professional certification.
22	(B) The Association of Energy Engineers
23	Certified Energy Auditor certification.

1	(C) The Building Performance Institute
2	Home Energy Professional Energy Auditor cer-
3	tification.
4	(D) The Residential Energy Services Net-
5	work Home Energy Rater certification.
6	(E) Any other third-party certification rec-
7	ognized by the Department of Energy.
8	(F) Any third-party certification that the
9	Secretary determines is equivalent to the certifi-
10	cations described in subparagraphs (A) through
11	(E).
12	(2) ELIGIBLE STATE.—The term "eligible
13	State" means a State that—
14	(A) has a demonstrated need for assistance
15	for training energy auditors; and
16	(B) meets any additional criteria deter-
17	mined necessary by the Secretary.
18	(b) ESTABLISHMENT.—Under the State Energy Pro-
19	gram, the Secretary shall establish a competitive grant
20	program under which the Secretary shall award grants to
21	eligible States to train individuals to conduct energy au-
22	dits or surveys of commercial and residential buildings.
23	(c) Applications.—
24	(1) In general.—A State seeking a grant
25	under subsection (b) shall submit to the Secretary

1	an application at such time, in such manner, and
2	containing such information as the Secretary may
3	require, including the energy auditor training pro-
4	gram plan described in paragraph (2).
5	(2) Energy auditor training program
6	PLAN.—An energy auditor training program plan
7	submitted with an application under paragraph (1)
8	shall include—
9	(A)(i) a proposed training curriculum for
10	energy audit trainees; and
11	(ii) an identification of the covered certifi-
12	cation that those trainees will receive on com-
13	pletion of that training curriculum;
14	(B) the expected per-individual cost of
15	training;
16	(C) a plan for connecting trainees with em-
17	ployment opportunities; and
18	(D) any additional information required by
19	the Secretary.
20	(d) Amount of Grant.—The amount of a grant
21	awarded to an eligible State under subsection (b)—
22	(1) shall be determined by the Secretary, taking
23	into account the population of the eligible State; and
24	(2) shall not exceed \$2,000,000 for any eligible
25	State.

1	(e) Use of Funds.—
2	(1) In General.—An eligible State that re-
3	ceives a grant under subsection (b) shall use the
4	grant funds—
5	(A) to cover any cost associated with indi-
6	viduals being trained or certified to conduct en-
7	ergy audits by—
8	(i) the State; or
9	(ii) a State-certified third party train-
10	ing program; and
11	(B) subject to paragraph (2), to pay the
12	wages of a trainee during the period in which
13	the trainee receives training and certification.
14	(2) Limitation.—Not more than 10 percent of
15	grant funds provided under subsection (b) to an eli-
16	gible State may be used for the purpose described in
17	paragraph (1)(B).
18	(f) Consultation.—In carrying out this section, the
19	Secretary shall consult with the Secretary of Labor.
20	(g) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
21	authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
22	\$8,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026.