112TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION	S.
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To recognize the heritage of recreational fishing, hunting, and shooting on Federal public land and ensure continued opportunities for those activities.

## IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Ms. Murkowski (for herself and Mr. Manchin) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on

## A BILL

- To recognize the heritage of recreational fishing, hunting, and shooting on Federal public land and ensure continued opportunities for those activities.
  - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
  - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
  - 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
  - 4 This Act may be cited as the "Recreational Fishing
  - 5 and Hunting Heritage and Opportunities Act".
  - 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
  - 7 Congress finds that—

1	(1) recreational fishing and hunting are impor-
2	tant and traditional activities in which millions of
3	people in the United States participate;
4	(2) recreational anglers and hunters have been
5	and continue to be among the foremost supporters
6	of sound fish and wildlife management and conserva-
7	tion in the United States;
8	(3) recreational fishing and hunting are envi-
9	ronmentally acceptable and beneficial activities that
10	occur and can be provided on Federal public land
11	and water without adverse effects on other uses or
12	users;
13	(4) recreational anglers, hunters, and sporting
14	organizations provide direct assistance to fish and
15	wildlife managers and enforcement officers of the
16	Federal Government as well as State and local gov-
17	ernments by investing volunteer time and effort to
18	fish and wildlife conservation;
19	(5) recreational anglers, hunters, and associated
20	industries have generated billions of dollars of crit-
21	ical funding for fish and wildlife conservation, re-
22	search, and management by providing revenues from
23	purchases of fishing and hunting licenses, permits,
24	and stamps, as well as excise taxes on fishing, hunt-
25	ing, and shooting equipment that have generated bil-

1	lions of dollars of critical funding for fish and wild-
2	life conservation, research, and management;
3	(6) recreational shooting is—
4	(A) an important and traditional activity
5	in which millions of people in the United States
6	participate; and
7	(B) a valid use of Federal public land, in-
8	cluding the establishment of safe and conven-
9	ient shooting ranges on Federal land;
10	(7) participation in recreational shooting helps
11	recruit and retain hunters and contributes to wildlife
12	conservation;
13	(8)(A) opportunities for recreational fishing
14	hunting, and shooting are declining, which depresses
15	participation in those traditional activities; and
16	(B) depressed participation adversely impacts
17	fish and wildlife conservation and funding for impor-
18	tant conservation efforts; and
19	(9) the public interest would be served, and the
20	fish and wildlife resources of citizens of the United
21	States benefitted, by action to ensure that opportu-
22	nities are facilitated to engage in fishing and hunt-
23	ing on Federal public land as recognized by Execu-
24	tive Order 12962 (16 U.S.C. 1801 note; relating to
25	recreational fisheries) and Executive Order 13443

(16 U.S.C. 661 note; relating to facilitation of hunt-
ing heritage and wildlife conservation).
SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.
In this Act:
(1) Federal public land.—
(A) In general.—Except as provided in
subparagraph (B), the term "Federal public
land" means any land or water that is—
(i) owned by the United States; and
(ii) managed by a Federal agency (in-
cluding the Department of the Interior and
the Forest Service) for purposes that in-
clude the conservation of natural resources.
(B) Exclusion.—The term "Federal pub-
lie land" does not include any land or water
held in trust for the benefit of Indians or other
Native Americans.
(2) Hunting.—
(A) In general.—Except as provided in
subparagraph (B), the term "hunting" means
use of a firearm, bow, or other authorized
means in the lawful—
(i) pursuit, shooting, capture, collec-
tion, trapping, or killing of wildlife;

1	(ii) attempt to pursue, shoot, capture
2	collect, trap, or kill wildlife; or
3	(iii) the training of hunting dogs (in-
4	cluding field trials for hunting dogs).
5	(B) Exclusion.—The term "hunting"
6	does not include the use of skilled volunteers to
7	cull excess animals (as defined by other Federal
8	law, including laws applicable to the National
9	Park System).
10	(3) Recreational fishing.—The term "rec-
11	reational fishing" means the lawful—
12	(A) pursuit, capture, collection, or killing
13	of fish; or
14	(B) attempt to capture, collect, or kill fish
15	(4) Recreational shooting.—The term
16	"recreational shooting" means any form of sport
17	training, competition, or pastime, whether formal or
18	informal, that involves the discharge of a rifle, hand-
19	gun, or shotgun, or the use of a bow and arrow.
20	SEC. 4. HUNTING, RECREATIONAL FISHING, AND REC
21	REATIONAL SHOOTING.
22	(a) In General.—Subject to valid existing rights
23	and subsection (g), and cooperation with the respective
24	State and fish and wildlife agency, a Federal public land
25	management official shall exercise the authority of the of-

1	ficial under law, including provisions regarding land use
2	planning, to facilitate use of and access to Federal public
3	land for hunting, recreational fishing, and recreational
4	shooting except as limited by—
5	(1) any law that authorizes action or with-
6	holding action for reasons of national security, pub-
7	lic safety, or resource conservation;
8	(2) any other Federal law that specifically pre-
9	cludes hunting, recreational fishing, or shooting on
10	specific Federal public land or water or units of
11	Federal public land; and
12	(3) discretionary limitations on hunting, rec-
13	reational fishing, or recreational shooting determined
14	to be necessary and reasonable as supported by the
15	best scientific evidence and advanced through a
16	transparent public process.
17	(b) Management.—Consistent with subsection (a),
18	the head of each Federal public land management agency
19	shall exercise the land management discretion of the
20	head—
21	(1) in a manner that supports and facilitates
22	hunting, recreational fishing, and recreational shoot-
23	ing opportunities;
24	(2) to the extent authorized under applicable
25	State law; and

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1	(3) in accordance with applicable Federal law.
2	(c) Planning.—
3	(1) EFFECTS OF PLANS AND ACTIVITIES.—
4	(A) Provision of opportunities in
5	LAND PLANNING DOCUMENTS.—Federal public
6	land planning documents (including land re-
7	sources management plans, travel management
8	plans, resource management plans, and general
9	management plans) shall provide for opportuni-
10	ties to engage in hunting, recreational fishing,
11	and recreational shooting, except as determined
12	to be clearly inconsistent with or incompatible
13	with the purposes for which the applicable unit
14	of Federal public land is to be managed.
15	(B) Major federal actions.—
16	(i) In General.—No action taken
17	under this section (other than an action
18	under subsection $(d)(2)$ or $(g)$ ) or under
19	section 4 of the National Wildlife Refuge
20	System Administration Act of 1966 (16
21	U.S.C. 668dd), either individually or cu-
22	mulatively with other actions involving
23	Federal public land, shall be considered to

be a major Federal action significantly af-

1	fecting the quality of the numan environ-
2	ment.
3	(ii) Limitation.—No additional iden-
4	tification, analysis, or consideration of en-
5	vironmental effects (including cumulative
6	effects) shall be necessary or required with
7	respect to an action described in clause (i).
8	(C) OTHER ACTIVITY NOT CONSIDERED.—
9	(i) In general.—Except as provided
10	in clause (ii), Federal public land manage-
11	ment officials shall not be required to con-
12	sider the existence or availability of hunt-
13	ing, recreational fishing, or recreational
14	shooting opportunities on adjacent or near-
15	by public land or private land for purposes
16	of—
17	(I) determining which units of
18	Federal public land are open for,
19	hunting, recreational fishing, or rec-
20	reational shooting; or
21	(II) setting levels of use for hunt-
22	ing, recreational fishing, or rec-
23	reational shooting on Federal public
24	land.

1	(ii) Enhanced opportunities.—
2	Federal public land management officials
3	may consider the opportunities described in
4	clause (i) if the coordination of those op-
5	portunities would enhance the hunting
6	recreational fishing, or recreational shoot-
7	ing opportunities available to the public.
8	(2) Use of volunteers.—If hunting is pro-
9	hibited by law, a Federal public land planning docu-
10	ment described in paragraph (1)(A) of an agency
11	shall, after appropriate coordination with the appro-
12	priate State fish and wildlife agency, allow the par-
13	ticipation of skilled volunteers in the culling and
14	other management of wildlife populations on Federal
15	public land unless the head of the agency dem-
16	onstrates, based on the best scientific data available
17	or applicable Federal law, why skilled volunteers
18	should not be used to control overpopulation of wild-
19	life on the land that is the subject of the planning
20	document.
21	(d) Bureau of Land Management and Forest
22	SERVICE LAND.—
23	(1) Land open.—
24	(A) In general.—Land under the juris-
25	diction of the Bureau of Land Management or

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the Forest Service (including land designated as wilderness or administratively classified as wilderness eligible or suitable and primitive or semiprimitive areas, but excluding land on the outer Continental Shelf) shall be open to hunting, recreational fishing, or recreational shooting unless the managing Federal agency acts to close land to such activity.

(B) CLOSURE OR RESTRICTIONS.—Land described in subparagraph (A) may be subject to closures or restrictions if determined by the head of the agency to be necessary and reasonable and supported by facts and evidence for purposes such as resource conservation, public safety, energy or mineral production, energy generation or transmission infrastructure, water supply facilities, protection of other permittees, protection of private property rights or interests, national security, or compliance with other law.

## (2) Recreational shooting ranges.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The head of each Federal agency shall use the authorities of the head, in a manner consistent with this Act and other applicable law—

1	(i) to lease or permit use of Federal
2	public land for recreational shooting
3	ranges; and
4	(ii) to designate specific Federal pub-
5	lic land for recreational shooting activities.
6	(B) Limitation on Liability.—Any des-
7	ignation under subparagraph (A)(ii) shall not
8	subject the United States to any civil action or
9	claim for monetary damages for injury or loss
10	of property or personal injury or death caused
11	by any recreational shooting activity occurring
12	at or on the designated Federal public land.
13	(e) Necessity in Wilderness Areas.—
14	(1) In general.—The provision of opportuni-
15	ties for hunting, recreational fishing, and rec-
16	reational shooting, and the conservation of fish and
17	wildlife to provide sustainable use recreational op-
18	portunities on designated wilderness areas on Fed-
19	eral public land shall constitute measures necessary
20	to meet the minimum requirements for the adminis-
21	tration of a wilderness area.
22	(2) Amendment to wilderness act.—Sec-
23	tion 4 of the Wilderness Act (16 U.S.C. 1133) is
24	amended by adding at the end the following:

1	"(e) Wilderness Purposes.—In subsection (a),
2	the term 'within and supplemental to' —
3	"(1) means that any requirements under this
4	Act shall be implemented only to the extent that the
5	activities do not prevent Federal public land man-
6	agement officials and State fish and wildlife officials
7	from carrying out and facilitating the original or pri-
8	mary purpose or purposes for which the unit was es-
9	tablished; and
10	"(2) does not authorize or facilitate commodity
11	development, use, or extraction, motorized recreation
12	access, or comparable non-hunting, fishing and trap-
13	ping activities.".
14	(f) Report.—Not later than October 1 of every other
15	year, beginning with the second October 1 after the date
16	of enactment of this Act, the head of each Federal agency
17	who has authority to manage Federal public land on which
18	hunting, recreational fishing, or recreational shooting oc-
19	curs shall submit to the Committee on Natural Resources
20	of the House of Representatives and the Committee on
21	Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate a report that
22	describes—
23	(1) any Federal public land administered by the
24	agency head that was closed to hunting, recreational

1	fishing, or recreational shooting at any time during
2	the preceding year; and
3	(2) the reason for the closure.
4	(g) Closures or Significant Restrictions of
5	640 OR MORE ACRES.—
6	(1) In general.—Other than closures estab-
7	lished or prescribed by land planning actions re-
8	ferred to in subsection (d)(1)(B) or emergency clo-
9	sures described in paragraph (3), a permanent or
10	temporary withdrawal, change of classification, or
11	change of management status of Federal public land
12	or water that effectively closes or significantly re-
13	stricts 640 or more contiguous acres of Federal pub-
14	lic land or water to access or use for hunting or rec-
15	reational fishing or activities related to hunting or
16	recreational fishing shall take effect only after the
17	head of the Federal agency that has jurisdiction over
18	the Federal public land or water—
19	(A) publishes appropriate notice of the
20	withdrawal or change;
21	(B) demonstrates that coordination has oc-
22	curred with a State fish and wildlife agency;
23	and
24	(C) submits to the Committee on Natural
25	Resources of the House of Representatives and

1	the Committee on Energy and Natural Re-
2	sources of the Senate written notice of the with-
3	drawal or change.
4	(2) Aggregate or cumulative effects.—If
5	the aggregate or cumulative effect of separate with-
6	drawals or changes effectively closes or significant
7	restrictions affects 1,280 or more acres of land or
8	water, the withdrawals and changes shall be treated
9	as a single withdrawal or change for purposes of
10	paragraph (1).
11	(3) Emergency closures.—
12	(A) IN GENERAL.—Nothing in this Act
13	prohibits a Federal land management agency
14	from establishing or implementing emergency
15	closures or restrictions of the smallest prac-
16	ticable area of Federal public land to provide
17	for public safety, resource conservation, na-
18	tional security, or other purposes authorized by
19	law.
20	(B) Termination.—An emergency closure
21	under subparagraph (A) shall terminate after a
22	reasonable period of time unless the temporary
23	closure is converted to a permanent closure con-
24	sistent with this Act.
25	(h) No Priority.—

1	(1) In general.—Nothing in this Act requires
2	a Federal agency to give preference to hunting, rec-
3	reational fishing, or recreational shooting over other
4	uses of Federal public land or over land or water
5	management priorities established by other Federal
6	law.
7	(2) National wildlife refuge system.—
8	Nothing in this Act amends or modifies the provi-
9	sions of the National Wildlife Refuge System Admin-
10	istration Act of 1966 (16 U.S.C. 668dd et seq.), ex-
11	cept to the extent expressly provided in this Act.
12	(i) Consultation With Councils.—In carrying
13	out this Act, the head of a Federal agency shall consult
14	with the appropriate Council established under Executive
15	Order 12962 (16 U.S.C. 1801 note; relating to rec-
16	reational fisheries) and Executive Order 13443 (16 U.S.C.
17	661 note; relating to facilitation of hunting heritage and
18	wildlife conservation).
19	(j) Authority of States.—
20	(1) In general.—Nothing in this Act inter-
21	feres with, diminishes, or conflicts with the author-
22	ity, jurisdiction, or responsibility of any State to
23	manage, control, or regulate fish and wildlife under
24	State law (including regulations) on land or water
25	within the State, including on Federal public land.

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1	(2) Federal Licenses.—
2	(A) In general.—Except as provided in
3	subparagraph (B), nothing in this Act author-
4	izes the head of a Federal agency to require a
5	license, fee, or permit to fish, hunt, or trap on
6	land or water in a State, including on Federal
7	public land in the States.
8	(B) Migratory bird stamps.—This
9	paragraph does not apply to any requirement of
10	the Migratory Bird Hunting and Conservation
11	Stamp Act (16 U.S.C. 718a et seq.).