TITLE XVI—STUDIES

- Sec. 1601. Energy and water saving measures in congressional buildings.
- Sec. 1602. Increased hydroelectric generation at existing Federal facilities.
- Sec. 1603. Alaska Natural Gas Pipeline.
- Sec. 1604. Renewable energy on Federal land.
- Sec. 1605. Coal bed methane study.
- Sec. 1606. Backup fuel capability study.
- Sec. 1607. Indian land rights-of-way.
- Sec. 1608. Review of Energy Policy Act of 1992 programs.
- Sec. 1609. Study of feasibility and effects of reducing use of fuel for automobiles.
- Sec. 1610. Hybrid distributed power systems.
- Sec. 1611. Mobility of scientific and technical personnel.
- Sec. 1612. National Academy of Sciences report.
- Sec. 1613. Report on research and development program evaluation methodologies.
- Sec. 1614. Transmission system monitoring study.
- Sec. 1615. Interagency review of competition in the wholesale and retail markets for electric energy.
- Sec. 1616. Study on the benefits of economic dispatch.
- Sec. 1617. Study of rapid electrical grid restoration.
- Sec. 1618. Development of cogeneration.
- Sec. 1619. Study on inventory of petroleum and natural gas storage.
- Sec. 1620. Natural gas supply shortage report.
- Sec. 1621. Split-estate Federal oil and gas leasing and development practices.
- Sec. 1622. Resolution of Federal resource development conflicts in the Powder River Basin.
- Sec. 1623. Study of energy efficiency standards.
- Sec. 1624. Telecommuting study.
- Sec. 1625. Oil bypass filtration technology.
- Sec. 1626. Total integrated thermal systems.
- Sec. 1627. University collaboration.
- Sec. 1628. Reliability and consumer protection assessment.

TITLE XVI—STUDIES

2 SEC. 1601. ENERGY AND WATER SAVING MEASURES IN CON-

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GRESSIONAL BUILDINGS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Architect of the Capitol,
building on the Master Plan Study for the Capitol complex
completed in July 2000, shall commission a study to
evaluate the energy infrastructure of the Capitol complex
to determine how to augment the infrastructure to become
more energy efficient—

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(1) by using unconventional and renewable en ergy resources; and
 (2) in a manner that would enable the Capitol

complex to have reliable utility service in the event
of power fluctuations, shortages, or outages.

6 (b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
7 authorized to be appropriated to the Architect of the Cap8 itol to carry out this section \$2,000,000 for each of fiscal
9 years 2006 through 2010.

10sec. 1602. INCREASED HYDROELECTRIC GENERATION AT11EXISTING FEDERAL FACILITIES.

12 (a) Study.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary and the Secretary of the Interior, in consultation with the Secretary of the Army, shall conduct a study of the potential for increasing electric power production capability, in accordance with applicable law, at federally
owned or operated water regulation, storage, and
conveyance facilities.

20 (2) CONTENTS.—The study under paragraph
21 (1) shall include an identification and detailed de22 scription of each facility that is capable, with or
23 without modification, of producing additional hydro24 electric power, including an estimate of the potential
25 of the facility to generate hydroelectric power.

1 (b) REPORT.— 2 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 18 months 3 after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secre-4 taries shall submit to the Committee on Energy and the Committee on Commerce, Resources, Transpor-5 6 tation and Infrastructure of the House of Represent-7 atives, and the Committee on Energy and Natural 8 Resources of the Senate, a report describing the 9 findings, conclusions, and recommendations of the 10 study under subsection (a). 11 (2) INCLUSIONS.—The report under paragraph (1) shall include— 12 13 (A) each identification, description, and es-14 timate under subsection (a)(2); 15 (B) a description of any activity that is 16 conducted or under consideration, or that could 17 be considered, to produce additional hydro-18 electric power at an identified facility; 19 (C) a summary of actions taken by the 20 Secretaries before the date on which the study 21 was completed to produce additional hydro-22 electric power at an identified facility; 23 (D) a calculation of— 24 (i) the costs of installing, upgrading,

modifying, or taking any other action re-

1	lating to, equipment to produce additional
2	hydroelectric power at an identified facil-
3	ity; and
4	(ii) the level of involvement of Federal
5	power customers in the determination of
6	the costs;
7	(E) a description of any benefit to be
8	achieved by an installation, upgrade, modifica-
9	tion, or other action under subparagraph (D),
10	including a quantified estimate of any addi-
11	tional energy or capacity produced at an identi-
12	fied facility;
13	(F) a description of any action that is
14	planned, is being carried out on the date on
15	which the report is submitted, or might reason-
16	ably be considered to increase hydroelectric
17	power production by replacing turbine runners,
18	upgrading or rewinding generators, or con-
19	structing pumped storage facilities;
20	(G) a description of the effect of increased
21	hydroelectric power production on—
22	(i) irrigation;
23	(ii) fish;
24	(iii) wildlife;
25	(iv) Indian land;

	J
1	(v) river health;
2	(vi) water quality;
3	(vii) navigation;
4	(viii) recreation;
5	(ix) fishing; and
6	(x) flood control; and
7	(H) any additional recommendations of the
8	Secretaries to increase hydroelectric power pro-
9	duction, and reduce costs and improve effi-
10	ciency, in accordance with applicable law, at
11	federally owned or operated water regulation,
12	storage, and conveyance facilities.
13	SEC. 1603. ALASKA NATURAL GAS PIPELINE.
14	Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment
15	of this Act, and every 180 days thereafter until the Alaska
16	natural gas pipeline commences operation, the Federal
17	Energy Regulatory Commission shall submit to Congress
18	a report describing—
19	(1) the progress made in licensing and con-
20	structing the pipeline; and
21	(2) any issue impeding that progress.
22	SEC. 1604. RENEWABLE ENERGY ON FEDERAL LAND.
23	(a) NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES STUDY.—Not
24	later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act,
25	the Secretary of the Interior shall enter into a contract

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with the National Academy of Sciences under which the
 National Academy of Sciences shall—

- 3 (1) study the potential of developing wind,
 4 solar, and ocean energy resources (including tidal,
 5 wave, and thermal energy) on Federal land and the
 6 outer Continental Shelf;
- 7 (2) assess any Federal law (including regula8 tions) relating to the development of those resources
 9 that is in existence on the date of enactment of this
 10 Act; and
- (3) recommend statutory and regulatory mecha-nisms for developing those resources.
- (b) SUBMISSION TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 2
 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Interior shall submit to Congress the results
 of the study under subsection (a).

17 SEC. 1605. COAL BED METHANE STUDY.

18 (a) Study.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the Interior shall enter into an arrangement under which the
National Academy of Sciences shall conduct a study
on the effect of coalbed natural gas production on
surface and ground water resources, including
ground water aquifiers, in the States of Montana,

1	Wyoming, Colorado, New Mexico, North Dakota,
2	and Utah.
3	(2) MATTERS TO BE ADDRESSED.—The study
4	shall address the effectiveness of—
5	(A) the management of coal bed methane
6	produced water;
7	(B) the use of best management practices;
8	and
9	(C) various production techniques for coal
10	bed methane natural gas in minimizing impacts
11	on water resources.
12	(b) DATA ANALYSIS.—The study shall analyze avail-
13	able hydrologic, geologic and water quality data, along
13 14	able hydrologic, geologic and water quality data, along with—
14	with—
14 15	with— (1) production techniques, produced water man-
14 15 16	with— (1) production techniques, produced water man- agement techniques, best management practices, and
14 15 16 17	with— (1) production techniques, produced water man- agement techniques, best management practices, and other factors that can mitigate effects of coal bed
14 15 16 17 18	with— (1) production techniques, produced water man- agement techniques, best management practices, and other factors that can mitigate effects of coal bed methane development;
14 15 16 17 18 19	with— (1) production techniques, produced water man- agement techniques, best management practices, and other factors that can mitigate effects of coal bed methane development; (2) the costs associated with mitigation tech-
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 	with— (1) production techniques, produced water man- agement techniques, best management practices, and other factors that can mitigate effects of coal bed methane development; (2) the costs associated with mitigation tech- niques;
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 	 with— (1) production techniques, produced water management techniques, best management practices, and other factors that can mitigate effects of coal bed methane development; (2) the costs associated with mitigation techniques; (3) effects on surface or ground water re-

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(4) any other significant effects on surface or
 ground water resources associated with production
 of coal-bed methane.

4 (c) RECOMMENDATIONS.—The study shall analyze the effectiveness of current mitigation practices of coal bed 5 methane produced water handling in relation to existing 6 7 Federal and State laws and regulations, and make rec-8 ommendations as to changes, if any, to Federal law nec-9 essary to address adverse impacts to surface or ground 10 water resources associated with coal bed methane develop-11 ment.

(d) COMPLETION OF STUDY.—The National Academy of Sciences shall submit the findings and recommendations of the study to the Secretary of the Interior
within 12 months after the date of enactment of this Act,
and shall upon completion make the results of the study
available to the public.

(e) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—The Secretary of the Interior shall report to the Congress within 6 months after
receiving the results of the study on—

21 (1) the findings and recommendations of the22 study;

(2) the Secretary's agreement or disagreementwith each of its findings and recommendations; and

1	(3) any recommended changes in funding to ad-
2	dress the effects of coal bed methane production on
3	surface and ground water resources.
4	SEC. 1606. BACKUP FUEL CAPABILITY STUDY.
5	(a) Study.—
6	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall conduct
7	a study of the effect of obtaining and maintaining
8	liquid and other fuel backup capability at—
9	(A) gas-fired power generation facilities;
10	and
11	(B) other gas-fired industrial facilities.
12	(2) CONTENTS.—The study under paragraph
13	(1) shall address—
14	(A) the costs and benefits of adding a dif-
15	ferent fuel capability to a power gas-fired power
16	generating or industrial facility, taking into
17	consideration regional differences;
18	(B) methods of the Federal Government
19	and State governments to encourage gas-fired
20	power generators and industries to develop the
21	capability to power the facilities using a backup
22	fuel;
23	(C) the effect on the supply and cost of
24	natural gas of—

10

(i) a balanced portfolio of fuel choices
 in power generation and industrial applica tions; and
 (ii) State regulations that permit

5 agencies in the State to carry out policies 6 that encourage the use of other backup 7 fuels in gas-fired power generation; and 8 (D) changes required in the Clean Air Act 9 (42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.) to allow natural gas 10 generators to add clean backup fuel capabilities. 11 (b) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 1 year 12 after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall 13 submit to Congress a report on the results of the study under subsection (a), including recommendations regard-14 15 ing future activity of the Federal Government relating to backup fuel capability. 16

17 SEC. 1607. INDIAN LAND RIGHTS-OF-WAY.

18 (a) Study.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary and the Secretary of the Interior (referred to in this section as
the "Secretaries") shall jointly conduct a study of
issues regarding energy rights-of-way on Indian
land.

24 (2) CONSULTATION.—In conducting the study
25 under paragraph (1), the Secretaries shall consult

1	with Indian tribes, the energy industry, appropriate
2	governmental entities, and affected businesses and
3	consumers.
4	(b) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date
5	of enactment of this Act, the Secretaries shall submit to
6	Congress a report on the findings of the study,
7	including—
8	(1) an analysis of historic rates of compensation
9	paid for energy rights-of-way on Indian land; and
10	(2) recommendations for—
11	(A) appropriate standards and procedures
12	for determining fair and appropriate compensa-
13	tion to Indian tribes for grants, expansions, and
14	renewals of energy rights-of-way on Indian
15	land;
16	(B) policies that will—
17	(i) accommodate the needs of Indian
18	tribes relating to grants, expansions, and
19	renewals of energy rights-of-way on Indian
20	land; and
21	(ii) support tribal sovereignty, culture,
22	and priorities relating to land use; and
23	(C) any other national energy transpor-
24	tation policies relating to grants, expansions,

1	and renewals of energy rights-of-way on Indian
2	land, as the Secretaries consider appropriate.
3	SEC. 1608. REVIEW OF ENERGY POLICY ACT OF 1992 PRO-
4	GRAMS.
5	(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the
6	date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall complete
7	a study to determine the effect that titles III, IV, and V
8	of the Energy Policy Act of 1992 (42 U.S.C. 13211 et
9	seq.) have had during the period beginning on the date
10	of enactment of those titles and ending on the date on
11	which the study begins on—
12	(1) the development of alternative fueled vehicle
13	technology;
14	(2) the availability of that technology in the
15	market; and
16	(3) the cost of alternative fueled vehicles.
17	(b) TOPICS.—In conducting the study under sub-
18	section (a), the Secretary shall identify—
19	(1) the number of alternative fueled vehicles ac-
20	quired by fleets or covered persons required to ac-
21	quire alternative fueled vehicles;
22	(2) the quantity, by type, of alternative fuel
23	used in alternative fueled vehicles acquired by fleets
24	or covered persons;

1	(3) the quantity of petroleum displaced by the
2	use of alternative fuels in alternative fueled vehicles
3	acquired by fleets or covered persons;
4	(4) the direct and indirect costs of compliance
5	with requirements under titles III, IV, and V of the
6	Energy Policy Act of 1992 (42 U.S.C. 13211 et
7	seq.), including—
8	(A) vehicle acquisition requirements im-
9	posed on fleets or covered persons;
10	(B) administrative and recordkeeping ex-
11	penses;
12	(C) fuel and fuel infrastructure costs;
13	(D) associated training and employee ex-
14	penses; and
15	(E) any other factors or expenses the Sec-
16	retary determines to be necessary to compile re-
17	liable estimates of the overall costs and benefits
18	of complying with programs under those titles
19	for fleets, covered persons, and the national
20	economy;
21	(5) the existence of obstacles preventing compli-
22	ance with vehicle acquisition requirements and in-
23	creased use of alternative fuel in alternative fueled
24	vehicles acquired by fleets or covered persons; and

1	(6) the projected impact of amendments to the
2	Energy Policy Act of 1992 made by this Act.
3	(c) REPORT.—On the date on which the study under
4	subsection (a) is completed, the Secretary shall submit to
5	Congress a report that—
6	(1) describes the results of the study; and
7	(2) includes any recommendations of the Sec-
8	retary for legislative or administrative changes con-
9	cerning the alternative fueled vehicle requirements
10	under titles III, IV and V of the Energy Policy Act
11	of 1992 (42 U.S.C. 13211 et seq.).
12	SEC. 1609. STUDY OF FEASIBILITY AND EFFECTS OF RE-
13	DUCING USE OF FUEL FOR AUTOMOBILES.
14	(a) STUDY.—
15	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 30 days after
16	the date of the enactment of this Act, the Adminis-
17	
18	trator of the National Highway Traffic Safety Ad-
19	trator of the National Highway Traffic Safety Ad- ministration shall conduct a study of the feasibility
20	ministration shall conduct a study of the feasibility
20 21	ministration shall conduct a study of the feasibility and effects of reducing, by a significant percentage,
	ministration shall conduct a study of the feasibility and effects of reducing, by a significant percentage, by model year 2012, the amount of fuel consumed
21	ministration shall conduct a study of the feasibility and effects of reducing, by a significant percentage, by model year 2012, the amount of fuel consumed by automobiles.
21 22	ministration shall conduct a study of the feasibility and effects of reducing, by a significant percentage, by model year 2012, the amount of fuel consumed by automobiles. (2) INCLUSIONS.—The study under paragraph

1	requiring each automobile manufacturer to
2	comply with average fuel economy standards
3	that apply to the automobiles the manufacturer
4	produces (including recommendations of alter-
5	natives to that policy);
6	(B) methods by which automobile manu-
7	facturers could contribute toward achieving the
8	reduction described in paragraph (1);
9	(C) the potential of using fuel cell tech-
10	nology in motor vehicles to determine the extent
11	to which fuel cell technology contributes to
12	achieving the reduction described in paragraph
13	(1); and
14	(D) the effects of the reduction described
15	in paragraph (1) on—
16	(i) gasoline supplies;
17	(ii) the automobile industry, including
18	sales of automobiles manufactured in the
19	United States;
20	(iii) motor vehicle safety; and
21	(iv) air quality.
22	(b) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date
23	of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall submit
24	to Congress a report on the findings, conclusions, and rec-
25	ommendations of the study under subsection (a).

1 SEC. 1610. HYBRID DISTRIBUTED POWER SYSTEMS.

2 Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment 3 of this Act, the Secretary shall develop, and submit to 4 Congress a report on, a strategy for a comprehensive re-5 search, development, demonstration, and commercial ap-6 plication program to develop hybrid distributed power sys-7 tems that combine—

8 (1) 1 or more renewable electric power genera9 tion technologies of 10 megawatts or less located
10 near the site of electric energy use; and

11 (2) nonintermittent electric power generation
12 technologies suitable for use in a distributed power
13 system.

14 SEC. 1611. MOBILITY OF SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL PER-

15 SONNEL.

16 Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment
17 of this section, the Secretary shall transmit to Congress
18 a report that—

(1) identifies any policies or procedures of a
contractor operating a National Laboratory or single-purpose research facility that create disincentives
to the temporary or permanent transfer of scientific
and technical personnel among the contractor-operated National Laboratories or contractor-operated
single-purpose research facilities; and

17

1 (2) provides recommendations for improving 2 interlaboratory exchange of scientific and technical 3 personnel. 4 SEC. 1612. NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES REPORT.

5 Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment 6 of this Act, the Secretary shall enter into an arrangement 7 with the National Academy of Sciences for the Academy 8 to----

9 (1) conduct a study on—

10 (A) the obstacles to accelerating the re-11 search, development, demonstration, and com-12 mercial application cycle for energy technology; 13 and

14 (B) the adequacy of Department policies 15 and procedures for, and oversight of, technology 16 transfer-related disputes between contractors of 17 the Department and the private sector; and 18 (2) report to Congress on recommendations de-19 veloped as a result of the study.

20 SEC. 1613. REPORT ON RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT 21 PROGRAM EVALUATION METHODOLOGIES.

22 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the 23 date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall enter 24 into appropriate arrangements with the National Academy 25 of Sciences to investigate and report on the scientific and

18

technical merits of any evaluation methodology currently
 in use or proposed for use in relation to the scientific and
 technical programs of the Department by the Secretary
 or other Federal official.

5 (b) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after receiv-6 ing the report of the National Academy of Sciences, the 7 Secretary shall submit to Congress a report, along with 8 any other views or plans of the Secretary with respect to 9 the future use of the evaluation methodology.

10 SEC. 1614. TRANSMISSION SYSTEM MONITORING STUDY.

11 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the 12 date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary and the 13 Chairperson of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commis-14 sion shall conduct a study, and submit to Congress a re-15 port, on any action the Secretary determines to be nec-16 essary to establish a system that makes available to all 17 transmission system owners and regional transmission organizations in the Eastern and Western Interconnections 18 real-time information on the functional status of all trans-19 mission lines within those Interconnections. 20

(b) INCLUSIONS.—The study under this section shallinclude—

(1) an assessment of any technical method of
implementing the information transmission system
described in subsection (a); and

19

(2) an identification of any action the Secretary
 and the Chairperson shall carry out to implement
 the information transmission system.

4 SEC. 1615. INTERAGENCY REVIEW OF COMPETITION IN THE
5 WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MARKETS FOR
6 ELECTRIC ENERGY.

7 (a) TASK FORCE.—There is established an inter8 agency task force, to be known as the "Electric Energy
9 Market Competition Task Force" (referred to in this sec10 tion as the "task force"), consisting of 5 members—

(1) 1 of whom shall be an employee of the Department of Justice, to be appointed by the Attorney
General of the United States;

14 (2) 1 of whom shall be an employee of the Fed15 eral Energy Regulatory Commission, to be appointed
16 by the Chairperson of that Commission;

17 (3) 1 of whom shall be an employee of the Fed18 eral Trade Commission, to be appointed by the
19 Chairperson of that Commission;

20 (4) 1 of whom shall be an employee of the De21 partment, to be appointed by the Secretary; and

(5) 1 of whom shall be an employee of the
Rural Utilities Service, to be appointed by the Secretary of Agriculture.

25 (b) Study and Report.—

1	(1) Study.—The task force shall conduct a
2	study and analysis of competition within the whole-
3	sale and retail market for electric energy in the
4	United States.
5	(2) Report.—
6	(A) FINAL REPORT.—Not later than 1
7	year after the date of enactment of this Act, the
8	task force shall submit to Congress a final re-
9	port on the findings of the task force under
10	paragraph (1).
11	(B) PUBLIC COMMENT.—Not later than
12	the date that is 60 days before a final report
13	is submitted to Congress under subparagraph
14	(A), the task force shall—
15	(i) publish in the Federal Register a
16	draft of the report; and
17	(ii) provide an opportunity for public
18	comment on the report.
19	(c) CONSULTATION.—In conducting the study under
20	subsection (b), the task force shall consult with and solicit
21	comments from any advisory entity of the task force, the
22	States, representatives of the electric power industry, and
23	the public.

1SEC. 1616. STUDY ON THE BENEFITS OF ECONOMIC DIS-2PATCH.

3 (a) DEFINITION OF ECONOMIC DISPATCH.—In this 4 section, the term "economic dispatch" means the oper-5 ation of a generation facility to produce energy at the low-6 est cost in order to reliably serve consumers, taking into 7 consideration any operational limit of a generation or 8 transmission facility.

9 (b) STUDY.—The Secretary, in coordination and con10 sultation with the States, shall conduct a study of—

(1) the procedures currently used by electricutilities to carry out economic dispatch;

(2) possible revisions to those procedures to improve the ability of nonutility generation resources
to offer the output of the resources for sale for inclusion in economic dispatch; and

(3) the potential benefits to residential, commercial, and industrial electricity consumers, nationally and in each State, of revising economic dispatch
procedures to improve the ability of nonutility generation resources to offer the output of the resources
for inclusion in economic dispatch.

(c) REPORT TO CONGRESS AND THE STATES.—Not
later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act,
and annually thereafter, the Secretary shall submit to
Congress and each State a report describing the results

1	of the study under subsection (b), including recommenda-
2	tions of the Secretary for such legislative and administra-
3	tive actions as the Secretary determines to be appropriate.
4	SEC. 1617. STUDY OF RAPID ELECTRICAL GRID RESTORA-
5	TION.
6	(a) Study.—
7	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall conduct
8	a study of the benefits of using mobile transformers
9	and mobile substations to rapidly restore electrical
10	service to areas subjected to blackouts as a result
11	of—
12	(A) equipment failure;
13	(B) natural disasters;
14	(C) acts of terrorism; or
15	(D) war.
16	(2) CONTENTS.—The study under paragraph
17	(1) shall contain an analysis of—
18	(A) the feasibility of using mobile trans-
19	formers and mobile substations to reduce de-
20	pendence on foreign entities for key elements of
21	the electrical grid system of the United States;
22	(B) the feasibility of using mobile trans-
23	formers and mobile substations to rapidly re-
24	store electrical power to—
25	(i) military bases;

	20
1	(ii) the Federal Government;
2	(iii) communications industries;
3	(iv) first responders; and
4	(v) other critical infrastructures, as
5	determined by the Secretary;
6	(C) the quantity of mobile transformers
7	and mobile substations necessary—
8	(i) to eliminate dependence on foreign
9	sources for key electrical grid components
10	in the United States;
11	(ii) to rapidly deploy technology to
12	fully restore full electrical service to
13	prioritized Governmental functions; and
14	(iii) to identify manufacturing sources
15	in existence on the date of enactment of
16	this Act that have previously manufactured
17	specialized mobile transformer or mobile
18	substation products for Federal agencies.
19	(b) Report.—
20	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after
21	the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary
22	shall submit to the President and Congress a report
23	on the study under subsection (a).

1	(2) INCLUSION.—The report shall include a de-
2	scription of the results of the analysis under sub-
3	section $(a)(2)$.
4	SEC. 1618. DEVELOPMENT OF COGENERATION.
5	(a) Electrical Generation and Rates.—
6	(1) BENEFITS OF DISTRIBUTED GENERATION
7	OF ELECTRICITY.—Part II of the Federal Power Act
8	(16 U.S.C. 824 et seq.) (as amended by this title)
9	is amended by adding at the end the following:
10	"SEC. 223. BENEFITS OF DISTRIBUTED GENERATION OF
11	ELECTRICITY.
12	"(a) Study.—
13	"(1) IN GENERAL.—
14	"(A) POTENTIAL BENEFITS.—The Sec-
15	retary, in consultation with the Commission,
	• / /
16	shall conduct a study of the potential benefits
16 17	
	shall conduct a study of the potential benefits
17	shall conduct a study of the potential benefits of cogeneration and small power production.
17 18	shall conduct a study of the potential benefits of cogeneration and small power production. "(B) RECIPIENTS.—The benefits described
17 18 19	shall conduct a study of the potential benefits of cogeneration and small power production. "(B) RECIPIENTS.—The benefits described in subparagraph (A) include benefits that are
17 18 19 20	shall conduct a study of the potential benefits of cogeneration and small power production. "(B) RECIPIENTS.—The benefits described in subparagraph (A) include benefits that are received directly or indirectly by—
 17 18 19 20 21 	shall conduct a study of the potential benefits of cogeneration and small power production. "(B) RECIPIENTS.—The benefits described in subparagraph (A) include benefits that are received directly or indirectly by— "(i) an electricity distribution or
 17 18 19 20 21 22 	shall conduct a study of the potential benefits of cogeneration and small power production. "(B) RECIPIENTS.—The benefits described in subparagraph (A) include benefits that are received directly or indirectly by— "(i) an electricity distribution or transmission service provider;

	25
1	"(iii) the general public in the area
2	served by the public utility in which the co-
3	generator or small power producer is lo-
4	cated.
5	"(2) INCLUSIONS.—The study shall include an
6	analysis of—
7	"(A) the potential benefits of—
8	"(i) increased system reliability;
9	"(ii) improved power quality;
10	"(iii) the provision of ancillary serv-
11	ices;
12	"(iv) reduction of peak power require-
13	ments through onsite generation;
14	"(v) the provision of reactive power or
15	volt-ampere reactives;
16	"(vi) an emergency supply of power;
17	"(vii) offsets to investments in genera-
18	tion, transmission, or distribution facilities
19	that would otherwise be recovered through
20	rates;
21	"(viii) diminished land use effects and
22	right-of-way acquisition costs; and
23	"(ix) reducing the vulnerability of a
24	system to terrorism; and

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1 "(B) any rate-related issue that may im-2 pede or otherwise discourage the expansion of cogeneration and small power production facili-3 4 ties, including a review of whether rates, rules, 5 or other requirements imposed on the facilities 6 are comparable to rates imposed on customers 7 of the same class that do not have cogeneration 8 or small power production. 9 "(3) VALUATION OF BENEFITS.—In carrying 10 out the study, the Secretary shall determine an ap-11 propriate method of valuing potential benefits under 12 varying circumstances for individual cogeneration or 13 small power production units. 14 "(b) REPORT.—Not later than 18 months after the 15 date of enactment of this section, the Secretary shall— 16 "(1) complete the study; "(2) provide an opportunity for public comment 17 18 on the results of the study; and "(3) submit to the President and Congress a 19 20 report describing— 21 "(A) the results of the study; and "(B) information relating to the public 22 23 comments received under paragraph (2).

1	"(c) Publication.—After submission of the report
2	under subsection (b) to the President and Congress, the
3	Secretary shall publish the report.".
4	SEC. 1619. STUDY ON INVENTORY OF PETROLEUM AND
5	NATURAL GAS STORAGE.
6	(a) DEFINITION OF PETROLEUM.—In this section,
7	the term "petroleum" means—
8	(1) crude oil;
9	(2) motor gasoline;
10	(3) jet fuel;
11	(4) distillates; and
12	(5) propane.
13	(b) Study.—
14	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall conduct
15	a study of petroleum and natural gas storage capac-
16	ity and operational inventory levels, nationwide and
17	by major geographical regions.
18	(2) INCLUSIONS.—The study shall include an
19	analysis of, for petroleum and natural gas—
20	(A) historical normal ranges of inventory
21	levels;
22	(B) historical and projected storage capac-
23	ity trends;
24	(C) estimated operation inventory levels
25	below which outages, delivery slowdown, ration-

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1	ing, interruptions in service, or other indicators
2	of shortage begin to appear;
3	(D) explanations for inventory levels drop-
4	ping below normal ranges; and
5	(E) the ability of industry to meet the de-
6	mand of the United States for petroleum and
7	natural gas without shortages or price spikes, if
8	inventory levels are below normal ranges.
9	(c) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date
10	of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to
11	Congress a report on the results of the study, including—
12	(1) the findings of the study; and
13	(2) any recommendations of the Secretary for
14	preventing future supply shortages.
15	SEC. 1620. NATURAL GAS SUPPLY SHORTAGE REPORT.
16	(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the
17	date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit
18	to Congress a report on natural gas supplies and demand.
19	(b) PURPOSE.—The purpose of the report under sub-
20	section (a) is to develop recommendations for achieving
21	a balance between natural gas supply and demand in order
22	to—
23	(1) provide residential consumers with natural

24 gas at reasonable and stable prices;

1	(2) accommodate long-term maintenance and
2	growth of domestic natural gas-dependent industrial,
3	manufacturing, and commercial enterprises;
4	(3) facilitate the attainment of national ambient
5	air quality standards under the Clean Air Act (43 $$
6	U.S.C. 7401 et seq.);
7	(4) achieve continued progress in reducing the
8	emissions associated with electric power generation;
9	and
10	(5) support the development of the preliminary
11	phases of hydrogen-based energy technologies.
12	(c) Comprehensive Analysis.—The report shall
13	include a comprehensive analysis of, for the period begin-
14	ning on January 1, 2004, and ending on December 31,
15	2015, natural gas supply and demand in the United
16	States, including—
17	(1) estimates of annual domestic demand for
18	natural gas, taking into consideration the effect of
19	Federal policies and actions that are likely to in-
20	crease or decrease the demand for natural gas;
21	(2) projections of annual natural gas supplies,
22	from domestic and foreign sources, under Federal
23	policies in existence on the date of enactment of this
24	Act;

1	(3) an identification of estimated natural gas
2	supplies that are not available under those Federal
3	policies;
4	(4) scenarios for decreasing natural gas demand
5	and increasing natural gas supplies that compare
6	the relative economic and environmental impacts of
7	Federal policies that—
8	(A) encourage or require the use of natural
9	gas to meet air quality, carbon dioxide emission
10	reduction, or energy security goals;
11	(B) encourage or require the use of energy
12	sources other than natural gas, including coal,
13	nuclear, and renewable sources;
14	(C) support technologies to develop alter-
15	native sources of natural gas and synthetic gas,
16	including coal gasification technologies;
17	(D) encourage or require the use of energy
18	conservation and demand side management
19	practices; and
20	(E) affect access to domestic natural gas
21	supplies; and
22	(5) recommendations for Federal actions to
23	achieve the purposes described in subsection (b), in-
24	cluding recommendations that—

1	(A) encourage or require the use of energy
2	sources other than natural gas, including coal,
3	nuclear, and renewable sources;
4	(B) encourage or require the use of energy
5	conservation or demand side management prac-
6	tices;
7	(C) support technologies for the develop-
8	ment of alternative sources of natural gas and
9	synthetic gas, including coal gasification tech-
10	nologies; and
11	(D) would improve access to domestic nat-
12	ural gas supplies.
13	(d) CONSULTATION.—In preparing the report under
14	subsection (a), the Secretary shall consult with—
15	(1) experts in natural gas supply and demand;
16	and
17	(2) representatives of—
18	(A) State and local governments;
19	(B) tribal organizations; and
20	(C) consumer and other organizations.
21	(e) HEARINGS.—In preparing the report under sub-
22	section (a), the Secretary may hold public hearings and
23	provide other opportunities for public comment, as the
24	Secretary considers appropriate.

32 1 SEC. 1621. SPLIT-ESTATE FEDERAL OIL AND GAS LEASING 2 AND DEVELOPMENT PRACTICES. 3 (a) REVIEW.— 4 (1) IN GENERAL.—In consultation with affected 5 private surface owners, representatives of the oil and 6 gas industry, and other interested parties, the Sec-7 retary of the Interior shall undertake a review of the 8 current policies and practices with respect to man-9 agement of Federal subsurface oil and gas develop-10 ment activities and the effects of those activities on 11 the privately owned surface. 12 (2) INCLUSIONS.—The review shall include— 13 (A) a comparison of the rights and respon-14 sibilities under existing mineral and land law for the owner of a Federal mineral lease, the 15 16 private surface owners and the Department; 17 (B) a comparison of the surface owner 18 consent provisions in section 714 of the Surface 19 Mining Control and Reclamation Act of 1977 20 (30 U.S.C. 1304) concerning surface mining of 21 Federal coal deposits and the surface owner 22 consent provisions for oil and gas development, 23 including coalbed methane production; 24 (C) an analysis and comparison of existing 25 State laws addressing surface owner protection 26 on split estates in which the surface estate is

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1 privately held and the subsurface estate is fed-2 erally owned, or other split estate situations; 3 and 4 (D) recommendations for administrative or 5 legislative action necessary to facilitate reason-6 able access for Federal oil and gas activities 7 while addressing surface owner concerns and 8 minimizing impacts to private surface. 9 (b) REPORT.—The Secretary of the Interior shall re-10 port the results of such review to Congress not later than 11 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act. 12 SEC. 1622. RESOLUTION OF FEDERAL RESOURCE DEVELOP-13 MENT CONFLICTS IN THE POWDER RIVER 14 BASIN. 15 (a) REVIEW.—The Secretary of the Interior shall review Federal and State laws in existence on the date of 16 17 enactment of this Act in order to resolve any conflict relating to the Powder River Basin in Wyoming and Montana 18 19 between-20 (1) the development of Federal coal; and 21 (2) the development of Federal and non-Federal 22 coalbed methane. 23 (b) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date 24 of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Interior

25 shall submit to Congress a report that—

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(1) describes methods of resolving a conflict de scribed in subsection (a); and

3 (2) identifies a method preferred by the Sec4 retary of the Interior, including proposed legislative
5 language, if any, required to implement the method.

6 SEC. 1623. STUDY OF ENERGY EFFICIENCY STANDARDS.

7 (a) STUDY.—The Secretary shall enter into a con8 tract with the National Academy of Sciences under which
9 the National Academy of Sciences, not later than 1 year
10 after the date of enactment of this Act, shall conduct a
11 study of whether the goals of energy efficiency standards
12 are best served—

(1) by measuring energy consumed, and efficiency improvements, at the site of energy consumption; or

16 (2) through the full fuel cycle, beginning at the17 source of energy production.

(b) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the dateof enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit toCongress a report on the study under subsection (a).

21 SEC. 1624. TELECOMMUTING STUDY.

22 (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) FEDERAL EMPLOYEE.—The term "Federal
employee" has the meaning given the term "em-

ployee" in section 2105 of title 5, United States
 Code.

3 (2) TELECOMMUTING.—The term 'telecom4 muting" means the performance of work functions
5 using communications technologies, which eliminates
6 or substantially reduces the need to commute to and
7 from traditional worksites.

8 (b) STUDY REQUIRED.—The Secretary, in consulta-9 tion with the Chairperson of the Federal Energy Regu-10 latory Commission, the Director of the Office of Personnel Management, the Administrator of General Services, and 11 12 the Administrator of National Telecommunications and 13 Information Administration, shall conduct a study of the energy conservation implications of the widespread adop-14 15 tion of telecommuting by Federal employees in the United 16 States.

(c) INCLUSIONS.—The study under subsection (b)
shall include an analysis of the following subjects in relation to the energy saving potential of telecommuting by
Federal employees:

(1) Reductions of energy use and energy costs
in commuting and regular office heating, cooling,
and other operations.

24 (2) Other energy reductions accomplished by25 telecommuting.

1	(3) Existing regulatory barriers that hamper
2	telecommuting, including barriers to broadband tele-
3	communications services deployment.
4	(4) Collateral benefits to the environment, fam-
5	ily life, and other values.
6	(d) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date
7	of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to
8	the President and Congress a report on the study under
9	subsection (b), including a description of the results of the
10	analysis of each of subject referred to in subsection (c).
11	SEC. 1625. OIL BYPASS FILTRATION TECHNOLOGY.
12	The Secretary and the Administrator of the Environ-
13	mental Protection Agency shall—
14	(1) conduct a joint study of the benefits of oil
15	bypass filtration technology in—
16	(A) reducing demand for oil; and
17	(B) protecting the environment;
18	(2) evaluate various products and manufactur-
19	ers with respect to oil bypass filtration technology;
20	and
21	(3) after conducting the evaluation under para-
22	graph (2), examine the feasibility of using oil bypass
23	filtration technology in Federal motor vehicle fleets.
24	SEC. 1626. TOTAL INTEGRATED THERMAL SYSTEMS.
25	The Secretary shall—

1	(1) conduct a study of the benefits of total inte-
2	grated thermal systems in—
3	(A) reducing demand for oil; and
4	(B) protecting the environment; and
5	(2) examine the feasibility of using total inte-
6	grated thermal systems in Federal motor vehicle
7	fleets (including the motor vehicle fleet of the De-
8	partment of Defense).
9	SEC. 1627. UNIVERSITY COLLABORATION.
10	(a) REPORT.—Not later than 2 years after the date
11	of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to
12	Congress a report that examines the feasibility of pro-
13	moting collaborations between large institutions of higher
14	education and small institutions of higher education (as
15	determined by the Secretary) through grants, contracts,
16	and cooperative agreements made by the Secretary for en-
17	ergy projects.
18	(b) CONSIDERATION.—In preparing the report under
19	subsection (a), the Secretary shall take into consideration
20	the feasibility of providing incentives for including small
21	institutions of higher education (including institutions
22	that primarily serve minorities), as determined by the Sec-
23	retary, in—
24	(1) energy research grants;
25	(2) contracts; and

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(3) cooperative agreements.

2 SEC. 1628. RELIABILITY AND CONSUMER PROTECTION AS3 SESSMENT.

4 (a) ASSESSMENT.—Not later than 5 years after the 5 date of enactment of this Act, and every 5 years thereafter, the Chairperson of the Federal Energy Regulatory 6 7 Commission shall assess the effects of the exemption of 8 electric cooperatives and government-owned utilities from 9 regulation by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission 10 under section 201(f) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 11 824).

12 (b) INCLUSIONS.—The assessment shall include an13 analysis of—

- 14 (1) the effects of the exemption described in
 15 subsection (a) on the reliability of interstate electric
 16 transmission networks;
- 17 (2) the benefits to consumers, and increases in
 18 efficiency, provided by competitive wholesale elec19 tricity markets;

20 (3) just and reasonable rates for electricity con-21 sumers; and

(4) the ability of the Federal Energy Regu-latory Commission to protect electricity consumers.

(c) RECOMMENDATIONS.—If the Chairperson deter-25 mines that the exemption described in subsection (a) ad-

- 1 versely affects consumers or the reliability of the electric
- 2 system, the Chairperson shall make recommendations to
- 3 Congress in accordance with section 311 of the Federal
- $4 \ \ {\rm Power \ Act} \ (16 \ U.S.C. \ 825j).$